CHP 11-99 Foundation (A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Financial Report Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1-2
3
4
5
6-13



550 N. Brand Blvd., 14th Floor Glendale, CA 91203 t 818.637.5000 f 818.240.0949 www.hbllp.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors CHP 11-99 Foundation Fullerton, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CHP 11-99 Foundation (A California Not-for-Profit Corporation) (the Foundation), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Foundation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

As explained in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Foundation has excluded certain promises to give from contributions receivable and donation revenues in the accompanying statements of financial position and activities and changes in net assets, respectively. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that unconditional promises to give be recognized as income at the time a promise is received.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CHP 11-99 Foundation as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hutchinson and Bloodgood LLP

August 31, 2017

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 3,125,743	\$ 2,665,491
Other receivable	22,018	47,458
Prepaid expenses	51,066	44,071
Other current assets	231,545	226,692
Total current assets	3,430,372	2,983,712
Investment portfolios, Capital Guardian	38,791,767	36,055,180
Property and equipment, net	9,349	10,862
Other assets	40,267	3,000
Total assets	\$ 42,271,755	\$ 39,052,754
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 410,655	\$ 380,041
Deferred income	55,050	37,950
Total current liabilities	465,705	417,991
Commitments (Note 8)		
Net assets	41,806,050	38,634,763
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 42,271,755</u>	\$ 39,052,754

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Support and revenues		
Supporter contributions	\$ 2,091,300	\$ 1,971,418
Less related costs	318,356	275,290
	1,772,944	1,696,128
Golf and fundraiser events	1,632,049	1,434,285
Less related costs	774,545	713,828
	857,504	720,457
Donations	1,320,954	1,760,369
Solicitations and appeals	599,490	482,454
Investment gain (loss)	1,712,127	(1,034,604)
Miscellaneous income	46,748	60,604
	3,679,319	1,268,823
Net support and revenues	6,309,767	3,685,408
	-,,	_,,
Operating expenses - administrative	(880,097)	(1,060,924)
		() / - / /
Scholarship program	(1,820,511)	(1,760,030)
Benefits and related programs	(437,872)	(471,714)
	(437,672)	(+/1,/1+)
Increase in net assets	3,171,287	392,740
	, ,	, -
Net assets at beginning of year	38,634,763	38,242,023
Net assets at end of year	\$ 41,806,050	\$ 38,634,763
Net assets at tha of year	÷ +1,000,030	γ J0,034,703

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Increase in net assets	\$ 3,171,287	\$ 392,740
	<u>\$ 3,171,287</u>	<u>Ş 592,740</u>
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets		
to net cash provided by operating activities	C 11F	11.010
Depreciation	6,115	11,016
Loss on disposal of equipment	(074.050)	3,444
Net realized and unrealized loss (gain) on investments Stock donations	(974,059)	1,695,771
	(24,902)	(5,352)
Change in operating assets and liabilities Other receivable	25 440	(716)
	25,440	(716) 15,420
Prepaid expenses Other current assets	(6,995)	
	(4,853)	(4,668)
Other assets	(37,267) 30,614	 42,843
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred income	-	42,843 7,450
	17,100	
Total adjustments	(968,807)	1,765,208
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,202,480	2,157,948
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of investments	(13,111,403)	(14,277,526)
Proceeds from sale of investments	11,373,777	12,366,652
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,602)	(11,801)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,742,228)	(1,922,675)
Net increase in cash	460,252	235,273
CASH, beginning of year	2,665,491	2,430,218
CASH, end of year	\$ 3,125,743	\$ 2,665,491

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION

The CHP 11-99 Foundation (A California Not-for-Profit Corporation) (the Foundation), located in Fullerton, California, was founded in 1981 as a charitable nonprofit organization. The Foundation's purpose is to provide benefits and scholarships to California Highway Patrol employees and their families.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Statement Presentation: The Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Foundation had no temporarily or permanently restricted net assets.

Donated Services: No amounts have been reflected in the financial statements for donated services since no objective basis is available to measure the value of such services.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The Foundation considers all highly-liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Investments: Investments in marketable securities and investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

Investments acquired by gift are recorded at their fair value at the date of the gift. The Foundation's policy is to liquidate all gifts of investments as soon as possible after the gift.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains or losses on the sale of marketable securities are calculated using the specific-identification method. Unrealized gains and losses represent the change in the fair value of the individual investments for the year, or since the acquisition date, if acquired during the year.

Other Current Assets: Other current assets include inventories that are distributed with new memberships, distributed on a complimentary basis, sold to existing members, or sold at various events. Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market.

Property, Equipment, and Depreciation: Property and equipment are recorded at acquisition costs. Proceeds from the sale of tangible personal property assets are transferred to unrestricted fund balances. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line or accelerated method over the assets estimated useful lives of five to seven years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other Assets: Other assets include the carrying value of vehicles, owned by the Foundation, and leased for the benefit of the families of one officer in 2016 and three officers in 2015. The cost of the vehicles for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was approximately \$50,000 and \$155,000, respectively, and the vehicles have an estimated useful life of five years with \$1,000 residual value per vehicle. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the carrying value of the vehicles was approximately \$40,000 and \$3,000, respectively.

Scholarship Program: The Foundation awards post-secondary level educational scholarships to California Highway Patrol family members. Scholarship expenditures are considered incurred at the time of approval by the Scholarship Committee and award letters are sent to the successful applicants and are expected to be paid within one year. Scholarship funds are disbursed upon receipt of valid evidence of applicants' post-secondary level education enrollments. Scholarship funds not disbursed at year-end were included in accounts payable and accrued expenses as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, totaling approximately \$110,900 and \$162,500, respectively.

Deferred Income: The Foundation receives deposits toward membership from prospective members whose applications are pending approval until background checks have been completed. Such amounts at year-end are reflected as income in the current year. These amounts are recognized as income unless the background checks fail. Deferred income also includes deposits received prior to year-end for fund-raising events in the subsequent year.

Revenue Recognition: Other than deposits from new member applicants, member payments and all contributions are recognized as revenue when received. All contributions are considered available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions that are met in the same year in which the contributions are received are classified as unrestricted contributions.

Income Taxes: The Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation as defined in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is, therefore, exempt from Federal income tax under Section 501(a) of the Code. In addition, the Foundation is a Section 509(a)(1) organization as defined in the Code and is not a private foundation. The Foundation is also exempt from state taxes under Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. Under applicable laws and regulations, the Foundation has been determined to be exempt from Federal income and California income and franchise taxes. In addition, the Foundation believes it has no income subject to unrelated business income taxes.

The Foundation's policy is to recognize tax positions in the financial statements when it is morelikely-than-not the position will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. As of December 31, 2016, the Foundation had no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. As of December 31, 2016, the Foundation's annual tax filings for the prior three years are open for audit by the Internal Revenue Service and for the prior four years by the Franchise Tax Board. Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications: Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2015 financial statements to conform to the 2016 presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets, or the change in net assets, as previously reported.

Subsequent Events: The Foundation has evaluated all subsequent events through August 31, 2017, which is the date the financial statements are available to be issued, and has determined that no events or transactions need to be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements.

NOTE 3. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable represent unconditional promises to give by donors and are recorded at net realizable value. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Foundation did not record any contributions receivable.

The Foundation has excluded certain promises to give and pledges from contributions receivable and donation revenues in the accompanying statements of financial position and activities and changes in net assets, respectively. These promises should be included to conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. If those promises to give were accounted for properly, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, contributions receivable and temporarily restricted net assets would have been increased by \$1,978,468 and \$2,318,932, respectively and the change in net assets would have decreased by \$340,463 for 2016 and increased \$393,372, for 2015.

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is defined as the amount that would be received for selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The inputs used to measure fair value are prioritized based on a three-level hierarchy. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1: Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Foundation has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. The fair value of investments in cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, and common stocks are determined using Level 1 inputs.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

Level 2: Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly. The fair value of investments in asset and mortgage backed securities, government and municipal bonds, and corporate bonds are determined using Level 2 inputs.

Level 3: Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable in the market and significant to the overall fair value measurement. For the years ended, December 31, 2016 and 2015, there were no investments valued based on Level 3 inputs.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis consisted of the following types of instruments as of December 31, 2016:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using					
	Quoted Prices					
	in Active		Sigr	nificant		
	Ν	Aarkets for	C	ther		
		Identical	Obs	ervable		
	Ir	nstruments	Ir	puts		
		(Level 1)		evel 2)		Total
		· <u>·</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,348,915	\$		\$	1,348,915
Asset and mortgage backed						
securities				415,928		415,928
Government and municipal bonds			2	,014,081		2,014,081
Corporate bonds			1	,182,777		1,182,777
Mutual funds						
Bond funds		4,402,102				4,402,102
Growth funds	4,812,654					4,812,654
Common stocks						
Energy	2,439,807					2,439,807
Materials	814,045					814,045
Industrials		2,330,270				2,330,270
Consumer discretionary	2,821,811					2,821,811
Consumer staples		2,774,489				2,774,489
Health care		2,282,758				2,282,758
Financials		3,749,428				3,749,428
Information technology		4,179,567				4,179,567
Telecommunication services		1,429,557				1,429,557
Utilities		802,267				802,267
Real estate		991,311				991,311
	\$	<u>35,178,981</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>,612,786</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>38,791,767</u>

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis consisted of the following types of instruments as of December 31, 2015:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using					
	Quo	oted Prices				
	i	n Active	Sig	nificant		
	Ma	arkets for	Ċ	Dther		
	l	dentical	Obs	servable		
	Ins	truments	li	nputs		
	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,127,216	\$		\$	1,127,216
Asset and mortgage backed						
securities				505,363		505,363
Government and municipal bonds			2	2,075,493		2,075,493
Corporate bonds				993,927		993,927
Mutual funds						
Bond funds		3,949,573				3,949,573
Growth funds	4,054,527					4,054,527
Common stocks						
Energy		1,393,968				1,393,968
Materials		647,593				647,593
Industrials		2,788,857				2,788,857
Consumer discretionary		2,320,974				2,320,974
Consumer staples		3,298,501				3,298,501
Health care		3,296,334				3,296,334
Financials		4,396,943				4,396,943
Information technology		3,428,403				3,428,403
Telecommunication services		1,059,703				1,059,703
Utilities		717,805				717,805
	<u>\$3</u>	2,480,397	<u>\$ 3</u>	3 <u>,574,783</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>36,055,180</u>

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 5. INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the investments, by major security types are summarized as follows:

	20	16	20	15
	Cost	Market	Cost	Market
Cash and cash equivalents Fixed income Asset and mortgage	\$ 1,348,915	\$ 1,348,915	\$ 1,127,216	\$ 1,127,216
backed securities	429,722	415,928	522,382	505,363
Government and municipal				
bonds	2,032,464	2,014,081	2,118,325	2,075,493
Corporate bonds	1,189,528	1,182,777	1,005,036	993,927
Mutual funds	4,583,231	4,402,102	4,343,546	3,949,573
Equities				
Foreign and domestic				
equity portfolio	20,784,107	24,615,310	19,964,403	23,349,081
Mutual funds	5,699,400	4,812,654	5,254,436	4,054,527
	<u>\$ 36,067,367</u>	<u>\$ 38,791,767</u>	<u>\$ 34,335,344</u>	<u>\$ 36,055,180</u>

The components of investment return were as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2016	2015
Interest and dividends - investment portfolio	\$ 1,016,959	\$ 940,835
Other interest income	442	293
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)		
on investments reported at fair value	974,059	(1,695,771)
Investment fees	(279,333)	(279,961)
Total investment gain (loss)	<u>\$ 1,712,127</u>	<u>\$ (1,034,604)</u>

NOTE 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following as of December 31:

		2016		2015
Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	157,875 148,526	\$	153,698 142,836
	<u>\$</u>	9,349	<u>\$</u>	10,862

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$6,115 and \$11,016, respectively.

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 7. DEFERRED INCOME

The Foundation collected dues related to member applications, the approval for which is pending completion of background checks. Amounts collected for pending applications at December 31, 2016 and 2015 were \$19,000 and \$11,250, respectively.

The Foundation also received deposits for future fund-raising events. Advance deposits received as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 were \$36,050 and \$26,700, respectively.

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2016, the Foundation entered into various service agreements terminating through 2019. As of December 31, 2016, the Foundation's office facilities are rented on a month to month basis. At December 31, 2016, the future minimum payments are as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	Α	mount
2017	\$	7,566
2018		2,150
2019		1,090
Total	<u>\$</u>	10,806

Occupancy and equipment rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$5,361 and \$6,676, respectively.

NOTE 9. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Foundation's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk include cash, cash equivalents and investments.

The Foundation's cash deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As of December 31, 2016, all interest and non-interest bearing accounts at an FDIC-insured institution are insured up to \$250,000 per financial institution. Periodically, the Foundation may maintain balances in excess of insured amounts for interest and non-interest bearing deposit accounts. As of December 31, 2016, approximately \$2,745,000 was uninsured. The Foundation has not experienced any losses on any deposits.

(A California Not-for-Profit Corporation)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTE 9. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK (Continued)

The Foundation has significant investments in cash and cash equivalents, stocks, bonds, asset and mortgage backed securities and mutual funds, and is therefore subject to concentrations of credit risk. The investments, in general, are subject to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risk. Additionally, the value, liquidity, and related income of the investment securities are sensitive to changes in economic conditions and may be affected by shifts in the market's perception of issuers and changes in interest rates. Certain investments are less liquid and may have restrictions on their sale. Forced liquidation, although not expected at this time, may affect the estimated value of such investments. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the value of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Investments are made by investment managers engaged by the Foundation and the investments are monitored for the Foundation by an investment advisor. Though the market value of investments is subject to fluctuation on a year-to-year basis, management believes the investment policy is prudent for the long-term welfare of the Foundation and its beneficiaries.

NOTE 10. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Foundation approved a tax sheltered annuity plan (the Plan), effective May 1999 and the Plan was amended during the year ended December 31, 2013. Full-time salaried employees, who have completed 90 days of employment are eligible to participate in the Plan and make elective salary deferral contributions. The Plan allows discretionary non-matching and matching employer contributions to the Plan. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Foundation paid \$53,836 and \$44,412, respectively, in employer matching contributions.